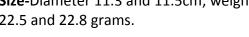
Pair of Gold Discs

Tedavnet, Co. Monaghan. Early Bronze Age, 2200-2000 BC.

Ground Floor Ór - Ireland's Gold Exhibition

Gold discs are generally found in pairs. These discs were discovered in the roots of an old tree.

Size-Diameter 11.3 and 11.5cm; weight 22.5 and 22.8 grams.



Material

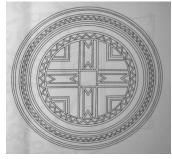
· Gold hammered into thin sheets.

Form

- The circular form of the discs resembles an abstract **stylised** image of the
- Each disc is slightly domed at the centre.

Decoration

- The discs are decorated with a large, central, cruciform motif, triangles and rows of raised punched
- The central **cruciform** motif is surrounded by radiating concentric circles of zigzags, hatched triangles and dots.



Detail on the discs (drawn by **Graphic Design Dept. NMI)**

Technique

- The circular shape was cut from a thin, beaten sheet of hammered gold.
- The decoration is created by the metal working techniques of repoussé and
- Repoussé is the term used to refer to when decoration was hammered into raised relief from the reverse (back) side of the metal.
- **Punching** is the term used when decoration was created by using a sharp pointed instrument to punch into the metal circular marks or dots.

Function

Two small central perforations/holes indicate that the discs were stitched to a garment for decorative purposes.